eHealth Asia 2015 Conference

Health Information Systems and Clinical Teaching

Dr. S. Nishan Silva

Medical Officer: Ministry of Health Sri Lanka

[MBBS (SL-Col), EMSc – Health Admin (AeU), BCS – PGD (UK), Dip Clin Research (Ind),

Trainee: MSc Biomedical Informatics,





@SNishanSilva

Clinical Teaching

 Teaching in the clinical environment is defined as teaching and learning focused on, and usually directly involving, patients and their problems

Spencer, J., 2003. Learning and teaching in the clinical environment. BMJ 326, 591–594

 Teaching in the clinical setting often takes place in the course of routine clinical care where discussion and decision-making take place in real time

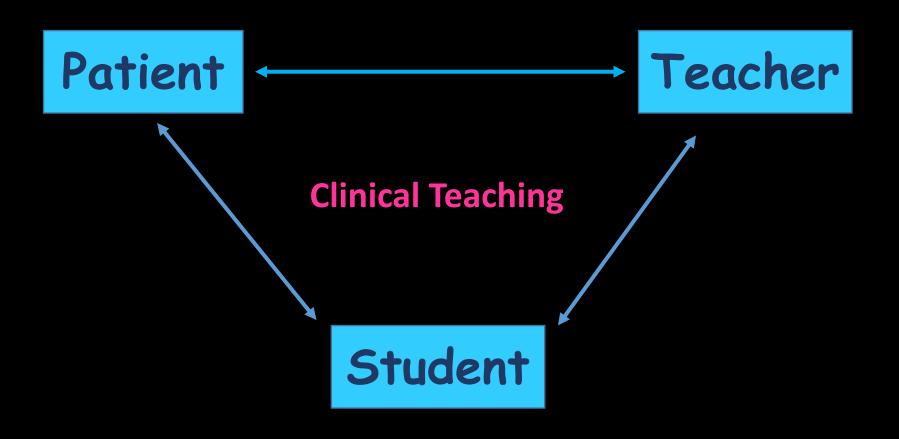
Ramani, S., Leinster, S., 2008. AMEE Guide no. 34: Teaching in the clinical environment. Med. Teach. 30, 347–364.

Electronic Health Records

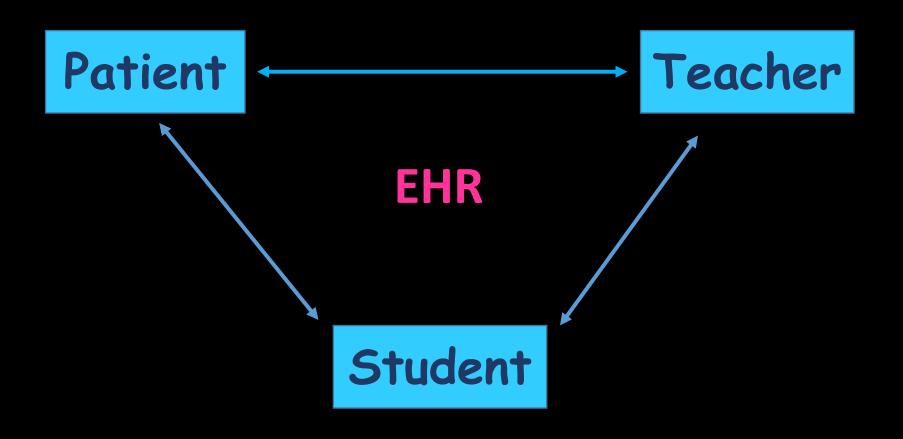
 The Electronic Health Record (EHR) is a longitudinal electronic record of patient health information generated by one or more encounters in any care delivery setting. Included in this information are patient demographics, progress notes, problems, medications, vital signs, past medical history, immunizations, laboratory data and radiology reports.

Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society, 2015. Electronic Health Records Standards | EMR | Health IT Topics | HIMSS [WWW Document]. URL http://www.himss.org/library/ehr/ (accessed 10.12.15)

Clinical Teaching



Clinical Teaching



Models of clinical teaching settings

- Shadowing
- Patient-centered model
- Apprenticeship model
- Demonstrator model
- Clinical conference
- Ward rounds

EHR's are here to Stay!

The world moves towards HER

 The recent US stimulus package "The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009" includes 17 billion USD in incentives for health providers to switch to electronic health records (EHRs). (Out of 25.8 billion USD allocated for Health Information Technologies)

eHealth Policy in Sri Lanka

"Using electronic systems appropriately, effectively, universally and in a co-ordinated manner"

- National eHealth Policy of Sri Lanka (DRAFT) Version 1.6.0, 2011

Benefits of EHRs

A study done using 60 third year Medical Students in the United states on their attitudes towards clinical learning using the EHRs in primary care clinics, showed EHRs

- Organizes Information Better
- Improved History taking
- Improves documentation
- Improves doctor patient communication
- Easy to locate the patients

Rouf, E., Chumley, H.S., Dobbie, A.E., 2008. Electronic health records in outpatient clinics: Perspectives of third year medical students. BMC Med. Educ. 8, 13.

Benefits of EHRs

- EHRs can offer creative ways to enhance the instruction of medical students and residents
- EHR can enhance physician—patient communication (But physicians may not spontaneously acquire EHR-specific communication skills.)
- Immediate access to clinical data prompts students to practice and demonstrate their clinical reasoning skills in real time

 Peled, J.U., Sagher, O., Morrow, J.B., Dobbie, A.E., 2009. Do Electronic Health Records Help or Hinder Medical Education? PLoS Med 6, e1000069

Drawbacks of EHRs

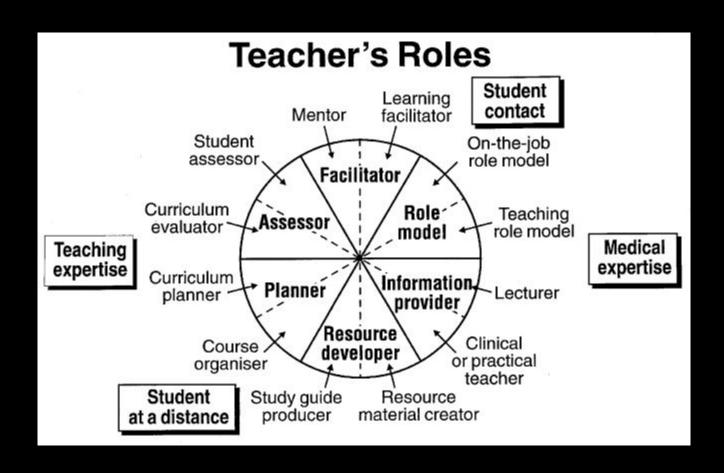
- EHRs Bypass the Need for Trainees To Synthesize Clinical Information
- Today, in many cases, the attending physician has access to, and will have looked at, the diagnostic studies independently before meeting with the trainee.
- EHRs eliminate the need for the trainee to describe these patient data in words.

Drawbacks of EHRs

An article by Peled on the Plos Medicine in 2009 highlightes the following drawbacks via qualitative inputs.

- Prior to EHRs, the attending physician was largely dependent upon the trainee for data about the patient, and medical students and residents learned quickly to distill facts and present them in a cogent and effective fashion.
- Environment looks more artificial with the digital inputs :not suitable for all settings
- Her distracts the teacher: Teacher busy with the HER
- Since the data is readily available; might skip information seeking using clinical skills

Teacher – Student Relationship



EMR's to Improve, to be Researched on

A systematic review of 50 articles with evidence on their use in medical education by Keenan et al., 2014

- EMRs have great potential as an educational tool, but thus far, no strong data to support their use for this are lacking.
- As the usage of EMRs rises, educators must continue to study how best to use technology as an educational tool and to improve the daily work of residents and medical students.

EHRs to Improve

1. Teach students to document electronically from their earliest clinical experiences.

Early instruction allows direct transfer of students' developing skills into the clinical environment, and avoids the added burden of learners needing to assimilate the EHR as they apply their clinical skills in earnest for the first time.

2. Emphasize improved communication opportunities.

We must train students to communicate synchronously and asynchronously using the EHR.

3. Conduct faculty development around teaching with the EHR.

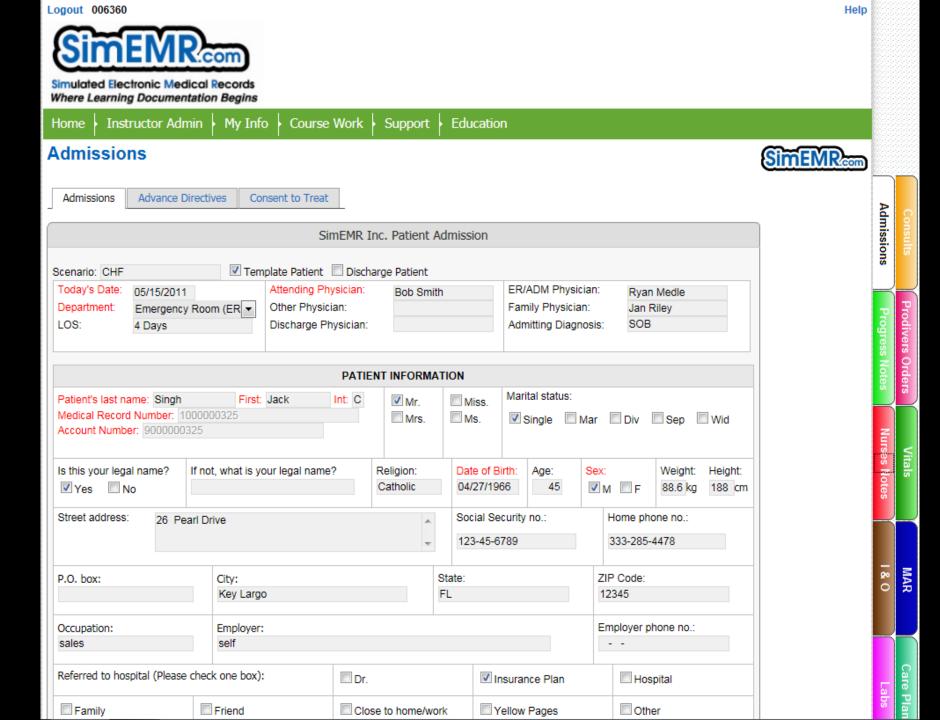
Many clinical faculty have personally received suboptimal training in using the EHR. Until faculty are expert EHR users, they are unlikely to be expert teachers.

• Peled, J.U., Sagher, O., Morrow, J.B., Dobbie, A.E., 2009. Do Electronic Health Records Help or Hinder Medical Education? PLoS Med 6, e1000069

Alternatives

Simulated EMRS





Drug Allergies: 00



Sex: M Weight: 202 lbs

Age: 45 Y Height: 5' 10"

Code Status: 0 0

Alerts: 00

Isolation: 0 0

Food Allergies: 01 ▼ Env. Allergies: 00

Diet: 0 1 ▼ BMI: 29

Hospital Floor: Medical-Surgical

Documenting in Current Date/Time

[Change Date/Time]

Comments (2 New)

INFO PANEL	Vital Signs						Pain Assessment: <u>View</u>					
Summary	Chart Inputs											
Patient Charting	Temperature:			C1 1 T1					0.40			
Vital Signs	Fahrenheit:	Site:	-SELECT- V	Chart Time		Resp	Pulse	BP	Sat%	Entry By		
Vital Signs Intake/Output	Celsius:			Wed 13:28	99.8					S Copela nd, SN	0	
Height/Weight	Pulse:	Site:	-SELECT- V	Wed 11:07	99.6					S Copela	0	
Blood Glucose	Respiration:									nd, SN		
Order Entry				Showing 1 to 2	of 2 entrie					First Previous	1 Next Last	
Order Results	Blood Pressure:		alternation of the first and t	Select Chart Type: Temperature								
Patient Card	Systolic:	Site:	-SELECT- V	- Company of the Comp								
MAR	Diastolic:	Position	-SELECT- V	105	0 1				-		_	
Patient Teaching	Oxygenation:	E 1/0,										
Care Plan	Saturation %:	Site:	-SELECT-	e .	1						_	
Patient Data	Oxygen Delivery:	Temperature (F)		99.8F/37.7C					77.70			
Reports	O Room Air	bed	2		C44:017	55.6C			,,,,,,			
Resources	Oxygen in Use	em 98	.									
Pre-Clinical Manager	Oxygen in Use (Amount in %):			7.55								
				95	.0	-	ব			.18		
						Med 11:			. 62	ed 13:28		
						4.			4.			

Copyright @ 2013 Elsevier Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Save

Cancel

Effectiveness of Simulated EMRs

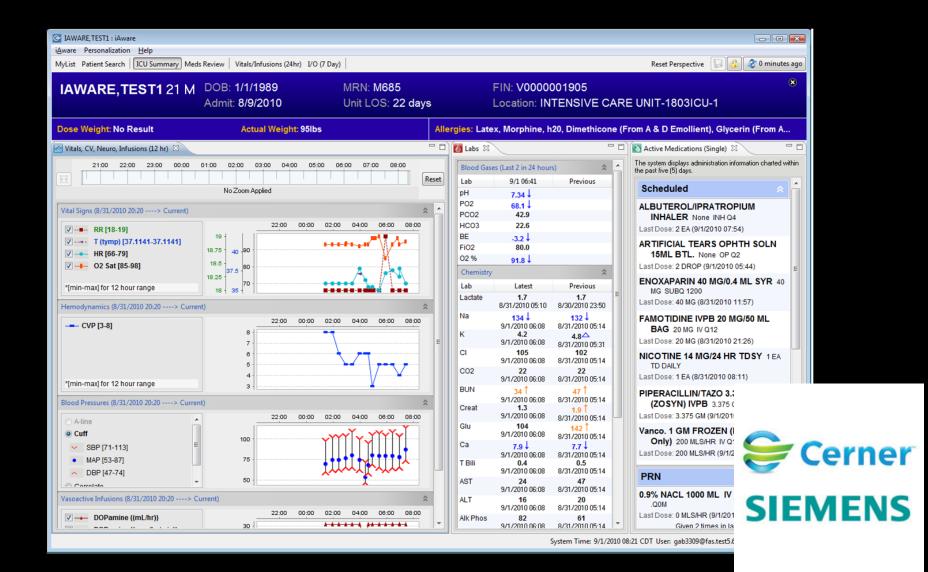
- 2011 at Oregon Health & Science University (OHSU)
- Simulated EHR (Sim-EHR) curriculum was introduced
- Learners review and correct a simulated medical chart for complex virtual patients with chronic diseases
- 406 third-year OHSU medical students
- Sim-EHR curriculum was an effective, interactive method for providing learners with EHR skills education while demonstrating how a well-organized chart helps ensure safe, efficient, and quality patient care.

Milano, C.E., Hardman, J.A., Plesiu, A., Rdesinski, R.E., Biagioli, F.E., 2014. Simulated Electronic Health Record (Sim-EHR) Curriculum: Teaching EHR Skills and Use of the EHR for Disease Management and Prevention. Acad. Med. J. Assoc. Am. Med. Coll. 89, 399–403

RIME/EMR scheme:

"The Reporter-Interpreter-Manager-Educator scheme is one approach to teach and evaluate clinical documentation skills using EMRs in the context of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education core educational competencies."

Academic EMRs (AEMR)



Thank You

Dr. Nishan SIIva



